

Republic of the Philippines Philippine Statistics Authority

CAMARINES SUR

SPECIAL RELEASE

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS IN DEL ROSARIO, BATO (Results of the 2015 Census of Population)

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Occupied housing units in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato reaches less than one hundred in 2015

There were less than one hundred occupied housing units in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato in 2015. The number of occupied housing units in the barangay reached 82 in 2015.

There are 100 households per 100 occupied housing units in Del Rosario, Bato

A total of 82 occupied housing units and 82 households were recorded in 2015. These translate to a ratio of 100 households for every 100 occupied housing units, with an average of 5.12 persons per occupied housing unit.

Table 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Number of Households,Household Population, and Ratio of Households and Household Population toOccupied Housing Units, Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Censal Year	Occupied Housing Units	Number of Households	Household Population	Ratio of Households to Occupied Housing Units	Ratio of Household Population to Occupied Housing Units
2015	82	82	420	1.00	5.12
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Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

All of the occupied housing units are single houses

In 2015, single houses made up 100.00 percent of the total occupied housing units in Brgy. Del Rosario.



Type of Building	Number of Occupied Housing Units	
Total	82	
Single house	82	
Duplex	-	
Multi-unit residential	-	
Commercial/industrial/agricultural	-	
Institutional living quarter	-	
Others	-	
Not Reported	-	
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and	d Housing	

Table 2. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Type of Building/House, DelRosario, Bato: 2015

Most of the occupied housing units with roofs made of bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw

Most of the occupied housing units had roofs made of bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw in 2015. In Brgy. Del Rosario, 89.02 percent of the occupied housing units in 2015 had roofs made of bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw. Meanwhile, the proportion of occupied housing units with roofs made of galvanized iron/aluminum, was posted at 10.98 percent in 2015.



Table 3. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of theRoof, Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Construction Materials of the Roof	Number of Occupied Housing Units
Total	82
Galvanized iron/aluminum	9
Tile/concrete/clay tile	-
Half galvanized iron and half concrete	-
Bamboo/cogon/ nipa/anahaw	73
Asbestos	-
Makeshift/ salvaged/ improvised materials	-
Trapal	-
Others	-
Not Reported	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

Most occupied housing units with outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa in 2015

Most of the occupied housing units had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa in 2015. In Brgy. Del Rosario, 95.12 percent of the total occupied housing units had outer walls made of bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa. Meanwhile, the proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of wood was posted at 2.44 percent while the proportion of housing units with outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone and galvanized iron/aluminum was registered both at 1.22 percent in 2015.



Table 4. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of theOuter Wall, Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Construction Materials of the Outer Wall	Number of Occupied Housing Units
Total	82
Concrete/brick/stone	1
Wood	2
Half concrete/brick/stone and half wood	-
Galvanized iron/aluminum	1
Bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa	78
Asbestos	-
Glass	-
Makeshift/salvaged/improvised material	-
Trapal	-
Others	-
No walls	-
Not Reported	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

Three in every five of the households live in housing units they own or with owner like possession of house and lot

Of the less than one hundred households in Brgy. Del Rosario in 2015, 63.41 percent lived in a housing unit they own or with owner like possession of house and lot. Moreover, 35.37 percent of the households lived in their own housing unit and rent free lot with consent of owner. In addition, 1.22 percent of the total households lived in their rent free housing unit and lot with consent of the owner.

Table 5. Number of Households by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit, DelRosario, Bato: 2015

Tenure Status of the Housing Unit	Number of Households
Total	82
Own or owner like possession of house and lot	52
Rent house/room including lot	-
Own house rent lot	-
Own house rent-free lot with consent of owner	29
Own house rent-free lot without consent of owner	-
Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	1
Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner	-
Not Applicable	-
Not Reported	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

More than half of the households in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato use electricity as fuel for lighting

More than half (59.76%) of the households in Del Rosario, Bato in 2015 used electricity as fuel for lighting, while kerosene (gaas) ranked second with 40.24 percent of the households using kerosene (gaas) as their source of fuel for lighting in 2015.

Table 6. Number of Households by Kind of Fuel for Lighting,Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Kind of Fuel for Lighting	Number of Households
Total	82
Electricity	49
Kerosene (Gaas)	33
Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG)	
Oil (vegetable animal and others)	my
Solar panel	
Solar lamp	
Others	
None	
Not Reported	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

Shared tube/piped deep well is the main source of water supply for drinking in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato

Shared tube/piped deep well was listed as the main source of water supply for drinking in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato in 2015. Of the total households, 40 households drew water supply for drinking in shared tube/piped deep well while 28 households drew water supply for drinking from unprotected spring. Protected spring was listed as the third main source of water supply for drinking for 14 households.

Table 7. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking,Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking	Number of Households
Total	82
Own use faucet community water system	
Shared faucet community water system	-
Own use tubed/piped deep well	
Shared tubed/piped deep well	40
Tubed/piped shallow well	
Dug well	· -
Protected spring	14
Unprotected spring	28
Lake, river, rain and others	-
Peddler	-
Bottled water	-
Others	_
Not Reported	-
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Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

Most of the households in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato reports shared tubed/piped deep well as the main source of water supply for cooking

Shared tubed/piped deep well was reported as the main source of water supply for cooking in Brgy. Del Rosario, Bato in 2015. Almost half of the households used shared tubed/piped deep well as the main source of water supply for cooking. Unprotected spring ranked second as the main source of water supply for cooking while protected spring ranked third.

Table 8. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking,Del Rosario, Bato: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking	Number of Households
Total	82
Own use faucet community water system	
Shared faucet community water system	-
Own use tubed/piped deep well	
Shared tubed/piped deep well	40
Tubed/piped shallow well	<u> </u>
Dug well	-
Protected spring	14
Unprotected spring	28
Lake, river, rain and others	· -
Peddler	6 / 6 -
Bottled water	-
Others	
Not Reported	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Population and Housing

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